# Lifejackets

80% of boating fatality statistics report that the victim was not wearing a lifejacket or PFD. No matter your favourite activity or style choice, there's a flotation device ideally suited for you. Don't be caught unprepared should the unforeseen occur. Lifeiackets and PFDs only work when you wear them.



For more information on inflatable lifejackets, scan the QR code above or visit www.csbc.ca and click on Boat Notes.

# **Navigation Lights**

Navigation lights and signals tell other vessels not only where you are, but what you are doing. Using these lights and signals properly is an important part of safe navigation.

The Collision Regulations mandate that boats operating between dusk and dawn, and during periods of reduced visibility, must display navigation lights in a colour and configuration that meets established technical standards. The most common configuration on power and sail boats is red and green (port and starboard) sidelights with either a single all around white light or combination masthead light and stern light giving 360 degree visibility.

Many human-powered boats (canoes, kayaks, rowboats, etc.) are not designed with navigation lights. To be compliant when boating at night, you must display a light or lantern that can be seen in an arc of 360°.

Personal Watercraft and other small outboard-powered boats are often not equipped with navigation lights as part of their design. To be compliant, red and green sidelights and an all-around white light can be retro-fitted.

Those sharing the water with larger, commercial vessels, barges or other towed objects should consult www.csbc.ca and click on Boat Notes to become familiar with other specific application lighting configurations.

# In Case of Emergency

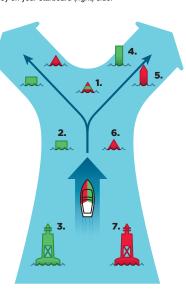
In case of an emergency, remain calm, account for all people on board, put on your lifejackets if not already worn, call \*16 on cell or radio VHF Channel 16 for help. Be prepared to provide a complete description of your boat, the number of people on board, your location and the nature of the emergency.

# Navigational Aids

As on our roadways, a series of signs and signals exist to help keep us safe. Likewise, a variety of navigational aids are used on the water to indicate areas of the safest water, alert us to hazards and advise of areas where speed is restricted. The most commonly seen of these are the lateral buoys and day beacons as shown below:

#### **Lateral Buovs**

- **1. Bifurcation** (red and green bands) You may pass this buoy on either side when moving upstream. The colour of the top band shows which is the main or preferred channel. For example: keep this buoy on your starboard (right) side.
- 2. Port (green can) Keep this buoy on your port (left) side when going upstream.
- 3. Port (green pillar) Keep this buoy on your port (left) side when going upstream.
- 4. Port (green spar) Keep this buoy on your port (left) side when going upstream.
- 5. Starboard (red spar) Keep this buoy on your starboard (right) side when going upstream.
- 6. Starboard (red conical) Keep this buoy on your starboard (right) side when going upstream.
- 7. Starboard (red pillar) Keep this buoy on your starboard (right) side when going upstream.



## **Standard Daybeacons**



#### Port Hand

When going upstream, keep a port hand day beacon on your port (left) side.



#### Starboard Hand

When going upstream, keep a starboard hand day beacon on your starboard (right) side.



#### Junction

(Preferred channel to right) This day beacon marks a point where the channel divides and may be passed on either side. If you want to take the channel to your right, keep this day beacon on your port (left) side.



#### Junction

(Preferred channel to left) This day beacon marks a point where the channel divides and may be passed on either side. If you want to take the channel to your left, keep this day beacon on your starboard (right) side.

Buoys and daybeacons may also be lighted at night.

### Monitor the Weather

Weather and water conditions play a big role in your safety on the water. Before heading out, make sure you get the latest (marine) forecast for your area and that you understand what it means.

Thunderstorms can strike without warning so, while you're out, remember to keep your eye on the sky. If a storm is brewing, quickly head for shore. Check your nautical charts in advance so you'll know where to seek shelter.

When high winds are forecast, Environment Canada may issue a warning. The most common of these is a **Strong Wind Warning** when winds are blowing between 20-33 knots / 37-61 km/h. Other. more severe, classes of warnings are issued as wind speeds increase further. Visit www.csbc.ca and click on Boat Notes to learn more.

# **Pre-Departure Checklist**

A pre-departure checklist provides a foolproof way to ensure that you have taken into account all the things you can to ensure that your time on the water will go as planned. A sample checklist can be found by visiting www.csbc.ca and clicking on Boat Notes. It's also a good idea to ensure that your passengers know the location of all safety equipment prior to departing the dock should you become incapacitated in an emergency.

# Sail/Trip Plan

#### **Long Voyages vs Short Trips**

A sail/trip plan includes your planned travel route and describes your boat. Also called float plans, they're intended to provide Search & Rescue with details to be used in a search should you not return as planned. They're especially important on overnight and longer cruises but, even when out for an hour or two, be sure to let a responsible person know where you're going, when you're expecting to return and the number to call should you be overdue.

# Don't Cruise with Booze

Mixing alcohol with boating is far more dangerous than you may think. The additional stress on your body caused by the sun, waves and wind will magnify alcohol effects. You are legally responsible for the safety of your vessel and passengers and for not putting other waterway users in danger. You must always be prepared and alert.

Provinces and territories have their own rules on legal alcohol limits and how alcohol can be carried on board. Contact your local law enforcement authorities for more information.





**Your Guide** to Boating Safety





www.csbc.ca





# **Boat Notes App**

... was created to provide customized information for you, your boat and your boating style. Find information on vessel specific topics like required safety equipment, pre-departure checklists, quick tips and FAQs. The CSBC Boat Notes App is available to download in the App Store or Google Play. Visit www.csbc.ca and click on Boat Notes App for additional information.

# Pleasure Craft Operator Card

Every operator of a motorized recreational vessel must have a Pleasure Craft Operator Card (PCOC), or other approved proof of competency aboard along with proof of identity. Other acceptable examples of competency include a marine safety certificate, a completed rental boat safety checklist or a Canadian boating safety course certificate issued before April 1st, 1999.

A course to earn a PCOC can be obtained from a variety of providers across Canada. The list of providers can be found by visiting www.csbc.ca and clicking on Boat Notes.

#### Operational restrictions on youth under 16 years of age.

Regardless of supervision

AGE	HORSEPOWER RESTRICTIONS
Under 12 → No direct supervision	Up to 7.5 kW (10 hp)
12 to under 16 $\longrightarrow$ No direct supervision	Up to 30kW (40 hp)
Under 16 →	May not operate a PWC

#### Rules of the Road

The "rules of the road" for Canada's waterways help everyone avoid collisions on the water by setting out what every boater should do to avoid hitting or being hit by another vessel.

#### Some basic rules:

- 1. Power boats give way to sailboats and paddle craft
- 2. Sailboats give way to paddle craft
- 3. Sailboats under power are considered power boats and give way accordingly.



#### 1. Port

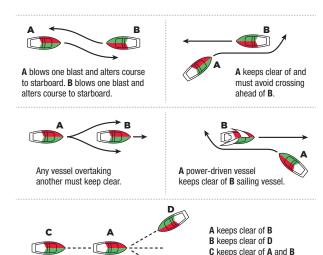
If a power-driven vessel approaches within this sector, maintain your course and speed with caution.

#### 2. Starboard

If a power-driven vessel approaches within this sector, take early and substantial action to avoid a collision by passing behind the approaching boat.

#### 3. Stern

If any vessel approaches this sector, maintain your course and speed with caution.



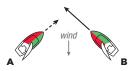
Keeping constant watch for others on the water is common sense and

D keeps clear of A and C

#### When Sail Meets Sail

Sailboats under power are considered power boats and give way accordingly.

When each sailing vessel has the wind on a different side.



A has the wind on its port (left) side and must keep clear of B.

If a sailing vessel has the wind on its port side and the operator is not sure if the other vessel has the wind on its port or starboard (right) side. the first boat must keep out of the way of the other.

**Loading Your Boat** 

water to enter and swamp your boat.

Transport Canada mandates

that boats up to 6 m (19'8")

weight the boat can safely hold

maximum number of people on board and maximum outboard

carry a Capacity Label

specifying the maximum

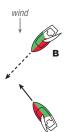
(people & equipment), the

power rating.

Overloading your boat is dangerous. Too much weight will make

the boat unstable and sit too low in the water, making it easy for

#### When both sailing vessels have the wind on the same side.



B to windward\* must keep clear of A to leeward.

\*The windward side is opposite to the side that carries the mainsail or, in the case of a sauare-riaaed vessel, the side opposite to the side that carries the largest fore and aft sail.

XX

XX HP

XXXX kg

#### MANDATORY Based on Boat Type / Length / Power / Conditions

Sound Signalling Device or Appliance

If freeboard is greater than 0.5 m

Safety Equipment Checklist

Properly Fitting and Transport Canada

for each person on board

1 Reboarding Device

Approved Lifejacket or PFD in good condition

**Buoyant Heaving Line and / or Lifebuoy with Rope** 

At least 15 m / 49' 3" in length for boats under 24 m

Radar Reflector

**MANDATORY** 

Navigation Lights

Magnetic Compass

Current Navigational Charts

Paddles / Oars

Fire Extinguisher(s) of mandated type and size

Axe / Buckets

Manual Pump / Bailing Bucket

Anchor - Sized for boat with min. rode (line) length

Visual Signalling Device (eg. flashlight / flares)

For specifics on mandatory equipment for your boat (type and length), visit www.csbc.ca and click on **Boat Notes.** 

# **Keep Watch to Avoid Collisions**

the law. If you are sharing the water with large vessels, remember that it is harder for them to see you or change their route to avoid you. It also takes them longer to stop. These are all good reasons to be ready to move out of their way. The safest practice is to always be mindful when operating in shipping lanes and steer clear of tugs, vessels under tow, actively fishing, adrift or at anchor.

### load capacity information and use your judgement when loading and operating the boat.

from shifting and making your boat unstable.

# Province Wide Speed Restrictions

These limits apply only in good weather and assume the weight is evenly distributed on board. Use judgment when conditions

are less than perfect. Also, keep the load as low and close to the

For boats over 6 m (19'8") refer to your boat's manufacturer for

centerline of the boat as possible. Secure equipment to keep

In most provinces, there is a speed limit of 10 km/h (6 mph) within 30 m (100') from shore. Certain exceptions apply in rivers, canals, channels and when pulling up or dropping off a water skier perpendicular to the shoreline. For more details, visit www.csbc.ca and click on Boat Notes.

#### **HIGHLY RECOMMENDED**

Marine Radio, Cell Phone and GPS	ш	Marine	Radio,	Cell	Phone	and	GPS
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First-Aid Kit

Basic Tools and Spare Parts

December 2017

# New to BOATING?

START boating.ca



Learn more En savoir plus 了解更多 matuto nang higit pa और जानें 了解更多

# Boating is a great activity and safe if you know and practice some basic rules.

**START boating.ca** covers some of the things you need to know before you go out onto the water... how to plan your trip, what to take with you and how to act and react to situations once you are out there.

If you are brand new to boating or already have a little experience, STARTboating is for you.

You will learn the basics of what it takes to safely enjoy your boating and be better prepared to have fun on the water.



The program will take you along with a family enjoying their day on the water and putting into practice what they have learned to be safe. A few times throughout the story, we'll take a break and give you an opportunity to review what you have seen and learn more.

# **START** boating.ca





